

[Books] Accountability Responsibility And Corruption Managing

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Making Accountability Work-Marie-Louise Bemelmans-Videc 2017-12-02 "Like honesty and clean water, ""accountability"" is invariably

seen as a good thing. Conversely, the absence of accountability is associated with most of the greatest abuses in human history. Accountability is thus closely linked with the exercise of power and the legitimacy of policies and those pursuing them. This book looks at the role of evaluation

and of audit as key elements in democratic accountability processes. The contributors explore the apparent paradox of there being more accountability-related activities today than ever before, at the same time as much public debate laments what is seen as a lack of actual accountability. Such a situation raises a number of questions: Is there a need for different approaches to establishing accountability or can current arrangements be modified to make them more effective? Are present practices part of the problem and are they preventing a mature debate about performance improvement taking place? How can systems awash with performance information ensure that at least some of it makes sense to a wide range of potential users? How is it that greater accountability and transparency can so quickly have become associated with concerns about perverse incentives and be seen by some as a costly burden? The volume includes detailed case studies and synthesizes up-to-date research evidence drawn from very different governmental systems, ending with practical advice for those involved in the accountability

processes. In doing so, it attempts to address both conceptual ambiguities about the notion of "accountability" and the practical uncertainties over its implications for democratic government. This book is aimed at serious people who think about trends in the use of evaluation and audit in seeking to hold governments accountable for their actions and performance."

The Changing Face of Corruption in the Asia Pacific-Chris Rowley 2017-05-03 The Changing Face of Corruption in the Asia Pacific: Current Perspectives and Future Challenges is a contemporary analysis of corruption in the Asia-Pacific region. Bringing academicians and practitioners together, contributors to this book discuss the current perspectives of corruption's challenges in both theory and practice, and what the future challenges will be in addressing corruption's proliferation in the region. Includes viewpoints from both practitioners and academic contributors on corruption in the Asia Pacific region Offers a strong theoretical background

together with the practical experience of contributors Explores what the future challenges will be in addressing corruption's proliferation in the region Aimed at both the academic and professional audience

International Handbook of Public Management Reform-Shaun Goldfinch

2009-01-01 This volume presents a compelling package for anyone interested in public sector reform. It effectively combines a wide range of well-researched reviews of national experiences with state-of-the-art thematic chapters in key reform areas such as IT governance, public sector leadership and accountability. The result is a robust, insightful and sometimes sobering series of accounts of the promises and pitfalls of efforts to reform the institutions and practices of public governance around the world. A must-read. Paul t Hart, Australian National University This major Handbook provides a state-of-the-art study of the recent history and future development of international public management

reform. Through a careful cross-country analysis spanning the last three decades this timely volume critically evaluates whether countries are converging towards a single public management model. The book goes on to investigate unresolved issues surrounding leadership, e-government, accountability and computer systems failure currently facing reformers. Shaun Goldfinch and Joe Wallis have brought together a number of eminent scholars from across Europe, Asia, North America and Australasia to explore the role of economic ideas, human resources and the state of public management reform in twelve countries. Providing a broad global overview of public management and facilitating a greater understanding of the difficult issue of reform, this book will find widespread appeal amongst academics and postgraduate students of public administration as well as practitioners in the field.

Public Management-Jonathan Boston 1996

Many countries have been committed to programmes of public sector reinvention, restructuring and renewal in recent times, none more so than New Zealand. Since the mid-1980s, virtually all aspects of the management of New Zealand's public sector have been redesigned and reorganized - humanresource management, financial management, the machinery of government, the funding and delivery of services, and the role and operations of local government. Many of these reforms have won both domestic and international acclaim. Some have also been the subject of considerable controversy. Fewdispute, however, that they have given birth to a new model of public management - the 'New Zealand model'.This book describes and critically assesses the merits of this model. It examines the model's theoretical origins and identifies the administrative principles and doctrines upon which it is based. It also explores how the new model operates in practice, how its outcomes compare with thoseintended, and what impact it has had, both positive and negative, on the governance of New Zealand. Specific attention is

given to such issues as institutional design, the role, selection and assessment of departmental chief executives, the organization and purchasing of policy advice, humanresource management, financial management, the commitment of biculturalism and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi, the impact of the reforms on the cultures, ethics and ethos of the public sector, and the current provisions for administrative review and redress. The book concludes byexamining the lessons of the New Zealand model for other countries.Public Management: The New Zealand Model is essential reading for students and teachers of public management, public policy, political science, public sector accounting and human resource management. More generally, it should be of value to all those concerned with the quest for bettergovernment.

Controlling Police Corruption-Lawrence
William Sherman 1978

Public Financial Management-Ahmed Ataul Hakeem 2013

World Hospitals and Health Services- 2003

National Anti-corruption Strategy (NACS)- 2002

Public Sector- 2002

The State Under Contract-Jonathan Boston 1995 Governmental restructuring is much in vogue. Throughout the developed and developing world, governments are selling state assets, reorganising government departments, contracting out publicly funded services, and reforming their management systems.

Human Rights, Labour, Environment, Anti-

corruption Partnerships for Development- 2007 "The Global Compact was launched seven years ago as a call to action to the business community to join forces with the United Nations and other stakeholders to create a more sustainable and inclusive global marketplace. From its inception, the Global Compact has consistently asked its participants to embrace two complementary objectives which together define responsible corporate citizenship. First, internalize the ten principles by integrating them in strategy and operations. Second, undertake partnerships with other stakeholders to advance UN goals. Over the years, the idea and practice of responsible business has evolved significantly. Many lessons have been learned. Overall, participants have made good progress. A commitment to the Global Compact is no longer seen as a defensive approach to avoid damage to brand and reputation. Increasingly it is understood as a strategic framework to manage risks and to create value for business and society at large. Aspiring responsible corporate citizenship requires sustainable efforts,

leadership commitment and a willingness to embark on a process of continuous organizational change. However, there is no one-size-fits-all approach to its implementation. Instead, companies are encouraged to develop policies and practices that are best suited to their specific operating environment. All around the world, companies undertake hundreds, if not thousands, of activities in support of the Global Compact. Not all of them can be given the recognition they deserve. For this Inspirational Guide to Implementing the Global Compact, twenty-one companies from all continents, representing a wide range of industry sectors, have been invited to share their experiences and the concrete activities they have developed to address key challenges in the areas of human rights and labour rights, the environment, anti-corruption and partnerships for development. The cases that are presented in this guide illustrate the richness and diversity of practices that companies are engaged in. Together, they truly define corporate citizenship in the spirit of the Global Compact's universal values."--

Publisher's description.

New Public Management-Tom Christensen 2002 This book examines civil service reform in Norway, Sweden, New Zealand and Australia.

Fighting Corruption-Stan Sangweni 1999 This is the first in a series of publications intended to create awareness and foster understanding of issues around corruption in public and other sectors of society. Many mechanisms have already been put in place or strengthened to investigate corruption and to ensure that perpetrators are identified: the Public Prosecutor; the Heath Commission; the Auditor-General; the Office for Serious Economic Offences etc. Find out what people such as Judge Willem Heath and Gill Marcus think about corruption, and what strategies are planned to combat this scourge of our society.

The Radical Humanist- 2006

Report of Proceedings of the SADC Regional Parliamentary Conference Against Corruption- 2006

International Encyclopedia of the Social & Behavioral Sciences-Neil J. Smelser 2001 The largest work ever published in the social and behavioural sciences. It contains 4000 signed articles, 15 million words of text, 90,000 bibliographic references and 150 biographical entries.

Corporate Social Responsibility-Suzanne R. Ontiveros 1986

Advances in Management- 2006

Reviewing the Operation of Small Computer Systems-Chantico-Qed 1985

Commission Report-New York (N.Y.). Commission to Investigate Allegations of Police Corruption and the Anti-Corruption Procedures of the Police Department 1997

World Conservation- 2004

New Perspectives on Combating Corruption- 1998

Performance Accountability and Combating Corruption-World Bank 2007 Provides an analytical framework and operational approaches needed for the implementation of results-based accountability. This volume covers: performance based accountability, e-government, legal and institutional framework to hold government to

account; fighting corruption; and external accountability.

Accountability Arrangements to Combat

Corruption-S. Cavill 2007-01-15 This document presents a combination of qualitative and quantitative research techniques to analyze corruption in the infrastructure sector. This methodology was piloted in South Africa, Nigeria, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Georgia, Ukraine and nepal in 2005-2006. The sustainability of the livelihoods of the poor in low- and middle-income countries is compromised by corruption in the delivery of infrastructure services. Such services include water supply, sanitation, drainage, the provision of access roads and paving, transport, solid waste management, street lighting and community buildings. For this reason, The Water, Engineering Development Centre, (WEDC) at Loughborough University in the UK is conducting research into anti-corruption initiatives in this area of infrastructure services delivery. This

series of reports has been produced as part of a project entitled Accountability Arrangements to Combat Corruption, which was initially funded by the Department for International Development (DFID) of the British Government. The purpose of the work is to improve governance through the use of accountability arrangements to combat corruption in the delivery of infrastructure services. These findings, reviews, country case studies, case surveys and practical tools provide evidence of how anti-corruption initiatives in infrastructure delivery can contribute to the improvement of the lives of the urban poor. The main objective of the research is the analysis of corruption in infrastructure delivery. This includes a review of accountability initiatives in infrastructure delivery and the nature of the impact of greater accountability.

Expanding knowledge in criminal justice-

Ronnie Mills 1984

Profitability, Accountability & Social Responsibility of Public Enterprises-M. R. Virmani 1980

Managing Trust-Patrick Pillai 1995

Controlling Corruption-Robert Williams 2000
After three volumes presenting the desolate scenario of corruption around the world, volume 4 (of the four-volume reference) focuses on anti-corruption strategies, including a wide variety of approaches that illustrate the scale and difficulty of the task and offer no simple answers. Twenty-nine articles discuss general issues, control via codes of conduct and legal and formal means, anti-corruption measures in civil service and government agencies, prevention and sanctions, people and reform, and whistleblowing. The articles (reproduced in facsimile) are from journals such as Comparative Politics, Crime, Law, and Social Change, Corruption Reform, and European Journal of Development Research.

Editors Williams (politics, U. of Durham, UK) and Doig (public services management, Liverpool John Moores U., UK) made the selections. The volume is not indexed, except by name. c. Book News Inc.

Journal of Economics and Management Studies- 2007

Kenya State of Corruption Report- 2002

Local Government Police Management- Richard Clay Wilson 1991

CSA Political Science and Government- 2004

National Anti-corruption Strategy and Action Plans-Tanzania 2004

Financial Management Training Series:

Managing performance-Kay Spearman 2007

"This series is designed to cover all aspects of sound financial management for local governments in developed and developing countries and economies in transition. Concepts of good governance, transparency and accountability are woven into the text of every chapter, and the needs and potential obstacles to greater decentralization and democracy are highlighted. Each volume is self-contained with its own Trainer's Guide, exercises and web resources. Chapters are divided into basic and advanced concepts and the detailed relationship of each topic to the others covered in the series is explained"--Publisher's description.

Joint Evaluation of Support to Anti-corruption Efforts-ITAD Ltd 2011

Readings in Public Finance and Financial

Management-Longmas Sambo Wapmuk 2001

The Educational Review- 2000

Building Partnership for Promoting Peace and Development in Africa- 2001

Anti-Corruption in Management Research and Business School Classrooms-Agata Stachowicz-Stanusch 2019-01-01 The book Anti-Corruption in Management Research and Business School Classrooms aims at presenting the topic of anti-corruption activities throughout management research as well as in the process of educating future business leaders and practitioners in business schools in different parts of the globe. Simultaneously the book deepens the topic of anti-corruption in selected cultures and societies. The volume consists of four parts and includes three themes. The first part is the "Introduction" and subsequent parts

are as follows: “Teaching business ethics and anti-corruption—across curriculum and beyond”, “Fostering integrity in higher education”, and “Anti-corruption as a topic of research.” This book is authored by a range of international scientists and experts in management research and management education, with a diversity of cultural and professional backgrounds. It is therefore believed that this broad experience and expertise will give the readers the new light for

the significance of teaching and researching in the area of anti-corruption.

Financial Accounting-Brian George Gaber
1993